HIGHER TRAINING FREQUENCY IS IMPORTANT FOR GAINING MUSCULAR STRENGTH UNDER VOLUME-MATCHED TRAINING



Study Objectives

To compare the effect of volume-matched strength training programs with different frequency and subsequent detraining on muscle size and strength.

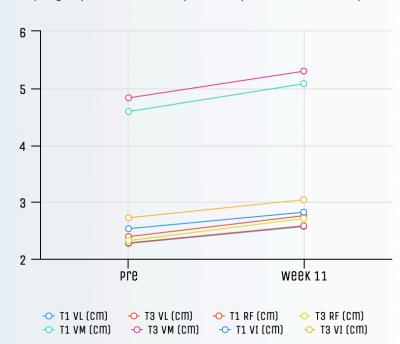
Measurements

During a training period of 11 weeks, untrained subjects (age: 22.3 ± 0.9 years, height: 173.1 ± 4.8 cm and body mass: 66.8 ± 8.4 kg) performed knee-extension exercise at 67% of their estimated 1RM either one session per week (T1 group: 6 sets of 12 repetitions per session; n = 10) or three sessions per week (T3 group: 2 sets of 12 repetitions per session; n = 10).

Results



Compared with the baseline (pre), both groups showed significant improvements in estimated 1RM [T1: 12-53% T3: 15-53%, P< 0.01 for both groups]. No significant difference was observed between the groups (pre; ES = after 10 week [ES = 0.59, 95% CI: -1.45 to 0.33].



T1 = Train 1x per week; T3 = Train 3x per week; VL = Vastus Lateralis; RF = Rectus Femoris; VM = Vastus Medialis; VI = Vastus Intermedius

Compared with the baseline (pre), both groups showed significant increase in thickness of all the quadriceps muscles after 6, 9, and 11 weeks of training and even after the subsequent 3-week detraining (P < 0.01)

Conclusions

These results suggest that training 3x per week with 2 sets are recommended for untrained subjects to improve muscle strength while minimising fatigue compared to 1x per week with 6 sets.

Ochi, E., Maruo, M., Tsuchiya, Y., Ishii, N., Miura, K. and Sasaki, K., 2018. Higher training frequency is important for gaining muscular strength under volume-matched training. Frontiers in physiology, 9, p.744.